

Vermont Daily Transcript.

ST. ALBANS, VT.

THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 17, 1868.

Republican Nominations



FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

VERMONT.

For Electors at Large—GEORGE W. GRANTLEY, of Vergennes; H. FAIRBANKS, of St. Johnsbury.

For Elector—Third District—GEORGE W. KINS, of Stowe.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention.

The indications are that the Grand National Review of the Boys in Blue in Philadelphia, on the first and second days of October, will be the largest gathering of veterans of the war since the great review in Washington. Invitations have been extended to all the War Governors and all the present loyal Governors, and it is announced that they will be present. The Washington correspondent of the *Tribune* says that the Soldiers' and Sailors' National Executive Committee are in receipt of letters from all sections of the country, pledging their presence. One hundred thousand torches are expected to be in the procession.

Delegates and their families will be carried over the Pennsylvania Central, Philadelphia and Erie Railroads at two cents per mile, and return free of charge. It is believed that similar arrangements will be made with Eastern, Northern, and Western Roads. Are the Boys in Blue of the Green Mountain State making arrangements to be well represented in this grand review? We hope so.

September Session of Congress Called.

It will be seen from the appended circular of Senator Morgan and Gen. Schenck, that Congress will meet on the 21st. The understanding is, that no general legislative business will be transacted, nothing will be done, it is thought except to make provisions for another recess. It is the opinion of both Senator Morgan and Gen. Schenck that a quorum of both Houses will be present at noon on the 21st. The President's friends, it is said are denouncing the movement as an act of cowardice upon the part of the Republicans, and assert that it casts an unjust suspicion upon the President, inasmuch as he has manifested a disposition to behave himself since Congress adjourned. But to the circular:

WASHINGTON, D.C., Sept. 15, 1868.

The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives were by resolution of Congress, directed to adjourn their respective Houses until the third Monday of September, 1868, and on that day, unless then otherwise ordered by the two Houses, they were directed to further adjourn their respective Houses until the first Monday of December. In accordance with the request of the Republican members of the Fortieth Congress, the undersigned decide and respectfully recommended that here be a full attendance of both Houses of Congress on Monday the 21st day of September instant, promptly at 12 o'clock, noon. It is not expected that general legislative business will be entered into at that time, or that the session need be longer than necessary to provide for another adjournment. It is important that there should be such general attendance of members as will assure the presence of a quorum in each House.

E. D. MORGAN,
Chairman Union Republican Committee.

ROBERT C. SCHENCK,
Chairman Republican Congressional Committee.

PRESERVATION OF MEAT.—An experiment, the *N. Y. Sun* says, is now being made in Australia, the results of which if satisfactory will have a very important influence on the world. It is to attempt the transportation of fresh meat to England, preserved by a chemical process from decay. Mutton is being sent in Melbourne for one and two pence a pound, while in London it costs nearly a shilling. In South America, and also in Texas, beef can be obtained at a very slight cost, and if means of preservation are discovered, all the markets of the world might be supplied. The proposed plan for keeping the meat fresh is said to be adopted from a late discovery of Prof. Faraday's, and consists in freezing it by evaporation. No exact description of the process has been yet given, but its feasibility may be judged from the fact that the sheep raisers in Australia have subscribed £10,000 pounds to carry on the experiment with, and 300 tons of meat have been shipped to England on trial.

FULTON MARKET.—Just received, a nice lot Dried Beef, Sugar Cured Ham, Bologna Sausage, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Pears, Peaches, Water Melons and Musk Melons.

TO BE MARRIED.—The Springfield *Republican* says that Speaker Colfax is engaged to be married to Miss Nellie Wade, a niece of Senator Wade, of Ohio. She is described as "a sweet, sensible, accomplished lady, of 30 years, an Ohio farmer's daughter, quite worthy the place she has won in the heart of the second man in public life in the nation, and of the position by his side in home and in society she is destined soon to take." As Mr. Bowles, of the *Republican* is an intimate friend to Mr. Colfax, this statement may be considered official.

Political.

The Savannah *News* of Friday calls attention to a "colored Democratic and Conservative meeting," to be held on that afternoon. It says: "All Democrats and Radicals, white and colored, native and adopted citizens—all who feel an interest in the peace and prosperity of the country, and who desire to hear the truth—are invited to attend Captain James L. Mosely and others will address the meeting. Speeches will also be made by colored men." The work of winning over the colored vote to the Democracy makes decided progress in some of the Southern States.

A letter from Gen. Dix states that he were now in this country he would make the stump for the election of Gen. Grant.

The *Times* says: "Horatio Seymour has always been a blundering politician and prophet. He blundered fearfully about the war at its beginning. He then blundered right and left in regard to the national credit and finances. He then blundered about the draft and the management of things in this City. He then blundered about the way the war would terminate and the results of its termination. Since then he has blundered in every speech he has delivered; and at the New York Convention, he blundered into refusing and accepting the Democratic nomination. Were he elected, he would certainly be known as the blundering President."

A vote taken for President by the settling clerks at the New York clearing house, a few days since, gave Grant 33 Seymour, 15.

The Philadelphia *Evening Star* gives the following sketch of the Hon. Galusha A. Grow, Chairman of the State Central Committee, of Pennsylvania:

The Hon. Galusha A. Grow, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, is a tall, well-built, broad-shouldered man, with black, flowing hair and whiskers, hazel eyes, aquiline nose, and a forehead high, broad, and decidedly intellectual. The striking expression of his face is that of determination, and he is an indomitable worker. He is also an eloquent and ready speaker, and has served the party in every campaign for years past on the stump. He was a member of five or six Congresses, and lost his seat in 1860, owing to the new apportionment—his county, Susquehanna, being thrown with Luzerne, whereby the Democrats were victorious. He was likewise Speaker of the House, and knocked down a Southern member in one of the endless personal difficulties which occurred between members just previous to the breaking out of the war. Mr. Grow is President of the Council of the Union Leagues of the United States, and was a prominent candidate for the Vice-Presidency before the Republican Convention last time.

A correspondent of the New York *Times* who has been travelling at the West says: "If any one entertains any doubt as to how Ohio will vote, I will promise them that a few days travel within its boundaries will soon satisfy them that it is certain for Grant and Colfax by a large majority in November, and certain in the October election by at least fifteen thousand majority."

Donald J. Warner, Esq., of Salisbury, Conn., a prominent member of the Litchfield County bar and a life-long Democrat, is out for Grant and Colfax, and addressed the Grant Club of Cornwall last Friday evening, giving his reasons for supporting Grant and Colfax in preference to Seymour and Blair. His speech was one of remarkable candor and effectiveness. He showed conclusively that to be consistent every War Democrat must vote for Grant and Colfax.

Two negro members of the South Carolina Legislature, elected by Republicans, announce their intention of voting for Seymour and Blair.

The Richmond *Dispatch* recently said: "If Maine shall show a gain, large or small, for the Radicals, Seymour may consider his chances of being a successor of George Washington as small indeed."

Gen. Schenck is of opinion that the Republicans will carry Ohio in October by from 30,000 to 40,000 majority. In his own district the Democrats, under Vallandigham, are waging a fierce fight, but Gen. Schenck thinks he will beat him. Vallandigham is receiving aid from New York in shape of money, which he is spending quite freely. He has also commenced to colonize from neighboring districts where majorities are hopelessly Republican. As there is no registry law in Ohio he can do this with impunity.

The Republicans of Washington fired a salute Tuesday night over the result of the Maine election.

A worse than South American earthquake has engulfed all the hopes of the Democracy. The tidal wave has swept over Maine, and sent to the bottom the Semmes squad on.

From the N. Y. Sun.

An Impartial Review.

The result of the Election in Maine confirms anew the opinion we have constantly expressed respecting the Presidential canvass. It is destined to end in the election of Gen. Grant. Seymour and Blair have to-day not a single chance of success; and the whole power of the Democratic party, but now so proud and so confident, will of necessity presently be concentrated upon a mighty if not a desperate effort to save the State of New York, where, a year since, their majority rose to fifty thousand.

In this condition of affairs it may not be unwelcome to those fair-minded, thoughtful men, who are never carried away by the blind rush of partisan enthusiasm, to consider in what respects the election of Gen. Grant will, under present circumstances, prove more beneficial to the country than that of the great Democratic chieftain of New York could be.

One of the chief points in which the success of Grant appears to us very desirable is frankly spoken of by Gov. Seymour in his letter accepting the Democratic nomination. "It must be clear to every thinking man," he says, "that a division of political power tends to check the violence of party action, and to assure the peace and good order of society. The election of a Democratic Executive and a majority of Democratic members to the House of Representatives would not give to that party organization the power to make sudden or violent changes, but it would serve to check those extreme measures which have been deplored by the best men of both political organizations." The Governor means here that it would be a good thing to have a Democratic President and a majority in one House of Congress, and because, while they could not carry through any measures of Democratic policy, they could neutralize the Republican majority in the Senate and check the consummation of Republican measures that are already partially completed.

What a singular recommendation of a party, that, even in its success it must be partially impotent! This is the first part of Gov. Seymour's proposition; the second is, that it would be advantageous to continue, for at least four years longer, that conflict between the Executive and Congress which has been going on for the last three years. But, where would be the advantage? Would it be in delaying for that period the settlement of the South? Would it be in keeping the business of the whole country in a feverish and doubtful state? Would it be in the opportunities it would give to demagogues of all parties to go up and down the land disturbing the public mind with phantoms of new revolutions, new civil wars, new intrigues, and new overthrows? Would it be in the paralysis of every branch of the public service, and the robbery of the public revenue by incompetent and dishonest officials, such as the one party can't punish, and the other won't turn out?

We can see no advantage to the people of any portion of the country in such a state of things. On the contrary, we believe that the now assured election of Grant must be of great benefit precisely because it will close the conflict between the Executive and Congress, and produce a permanent settlement of the Southern States. The settlement may not be the best that might be devised. It may need improvement and alteration from time to time hereafter, but it will put an end to the turmoil and collisions that now render those States little better than the camps of hostile factions. It will give peace to the country and allow it once more to start in the career of industry, commerce, and progress.

But if we turn from the programme of Gov. Seymour, as quoted above, to that of Gen. Blair, the satisfaction of judicious men with the election of Grant will be exceedingly increased. While Gov. Seymour proposes merely to continue the struggle against the legislative power with which our experience under Mr. Johnson has made us familiar, Gen. Blair contemplates an active military assault upon the work of Congress in the South, to be followed by the complete subjugation of the Senate. The execution of this revolutionary scheme would at once set on foot a civil war more bloody and more protracted than that which was commenced in 1861. We may well be thankful that the issue of the election will save the nation from all danger of such a catastrophe.

At the same time, it is comfortable to be assured that in other respects the Republic will be safe in the hands of Gen. Grant. He is a firm, magnanimous, disinterested, modest, patriotic man, endowed with extraordinary common sense and judgment, who has succeeded in the discharge of every duty that has yet been laid upon him, no matter how weighty or important. Following these antecedents, we doubt not that he will, in the great office to which he is about to be elevated, seek exclusively for the prosperity and honor of the country, always preferring the public welfare to every other consideration. As he himself has explained it, "he will have no policy of his own to enforce against the will of the people"; or, in the language of Gov. Seymour, he will be "willing to carry out the wishes of the people expressed in a Constitutional way."

Bets on the Indiana Election and Seymour.

The following card recently appeared in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*:

Put Up, or Shut Up.—I, the undersigned, will wager one gold mine, of four hundred feet extent, of gold-bearing quartz, of a well-defined lode, located in Montana, for which I paid the sum of seventy-eight hundred dollars in gold, against the same value in land located here in Tipton, Howard or Hamilton Counties, that the State of Indiana will go Democratic for Governor. Or I will wager the undivided half that Horatio Seymour will be our next President.

GEORGE WILLIAMS,
Tipton, Indiana.

The wager is accepted by Mr. George B. Williams, of Lafayette, Indiana, who publishes the following in the Cincinnati *Gazette*:

In response to the proposition of Mr. Williams, of Tipton, I would state that

I will wager against his "Montana gold mine" of "gold-bearing quartz and well-defined lode," two hundred shares of the preferred stock of the Rocky Mountain Oil Company, for which, four years ago, I paid the sum of \$10,000 (a great bargain), and also one share of the Northern Indiana Oil and Mining Company, for which I paid \$100, that at the coming election Indiana will not go Democratic for Governor. Or I will wager one half of the above stock against the undivided half of the "gold mine," that Horatio Seymour will not be our next President. Geologists' certificates exchanged as to mineral resources of property. Of these certificates I have just received. In the event that gentlemen would prefer putting up in cash the cost of the "gold mine," \$7800 in gold, rather than to wager the mine itself against the oil stock, I will even then accommodate him. Mr. W. will appreciate the odds I am giving, for there may, through some miracle, be a taxable value assessed against the "mine" for local purposes. I can assure him that not even a miracle would so affect the stock. I feel that such a valuable property should be entirely in the hands of either one or the other of us and so make the offer.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE B. WILLIAMS.

Lafayette, Ind., Sept. 8.

Billiard Match—McDevitt against the Winner.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.

The billiard match for the championship of America and stake of \$1000 and 1500 points between Joseph Dion of Montreal, and John McDevitt of Chicago, was played to-night at Liberty Hall. The game was called at 8:15 o'clock. McDevitt in the 9th inning made the extraordinary run of 1462 points, closing the game in his favor before ten o'clock. The score stood at the close McDevitt 1902, Dion 408. The Hall was densely crowded and great enthusiasm prevailed but no ill feeling or disorder was manifested.

Special Notices.

Missisquoi Springs.

ESSEX, Aug. 29, 1868.

For a long time I had been afflicted with a very serious disease of the Kidneys. I was not able to turn over in bed without help, and it was thought by all my friends that I never should recover. All medical treatment had been without effect. The disease was complicated by a scrofulous affection. I tried every remedy, used the water of Mineral Springs elsewhere without avail. The Missisquoi Spring water was tried by me in 1866, and I continued its use for several months, till I entirely recovered and am now in better health than ever before. I consider this water a specific for Kidney and Scrofulous complaints. It has been so in my case.

ALANSON SAMSON.

VALLEY HOUSE,

Franklin Co., VT., Aug. 17, '68.

I have been afflicted with Catarrh for three or four years. In February last I had it very severely. In April commenced the use of the Missisquoi water. The discharge was very heavy and troublesome, but continued to lessen until to-day I am entirely well. The many remedies I had taken under the best medical advice had proved unavailing, and I owe it to others similarly afflicted, to state that the Missisquoi water has been, in my case, the one only effective means of cure.

CHARLES SMITH,

Northampton, Mass.

Twenty-five Years Practice.

In the Treatment of Diseases incident to Females, has placed Dr. Dow at the head of all the physicians making such practice a specialty, and enables him to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in the worst cases of Suppression and all other Menstrual Derangements, from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1. Office, No. 9 Endicott Street, Boston. N. B. Board furnished to those desiring to remain under treatment.

Boston, July, 1868. 226 Terlaw

Information.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or a beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of pimples, blotches, eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing:

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist.

66-ly 823 Broadway, New York.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs, prevail in our changeable climate at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

MONTROSE, VT., June 28, 1868.

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.

Gentlemen:—Having for twenty years past been in the habit of using Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in cases of Coughs, Colds, and Pulmonary Affections, I can testify to its great merits with the utmost confidence. I believe it to be the best medicine for these complaints ever used, and have no doubt that the use of it has at three several times saved me from Consumption, which I have many times in late years, after finding immediate relief in less severe attacks. I am 75 years of age, and for many years have been a subject for pulmonary disease, but by the use of this excellent remedy I keep myself quite comfortable. I can handle fine language to express the exalted opinion I have of the Balsam, and recommend its use to all as the best remedy that can be used. GEORGE DART.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St. Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

ACROSTIC.

Gently it penetrates through every pore,
It eases sufferers from each angry sore;
It wounds it heals with certainty and speed;
Cuts, Burns, from inflammation are freed;
Eruptions, at its presence disappear;
It kills the scab and stain, and the complexion's clear!
SALVE, such as GRACE'S every one should buy,
As it is its wondrous merits testify.
Let those who doubt, a single box but try—
Verily, then its true desert they'll find;
Even unbelievers would land GRACE'S SALVE!

RUBBER Coats, all kinds, at

WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.

CAPS FOR SPRING JUST RECEIVED AT

WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.

ADDRESS

To the Nervous & Debilitated.

WHOSE sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered, from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or fleecy, or is itropy on settling? Or does a thick serum rise on the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of shivering or drowsiness? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or flushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel listless, morose, irritable, or get away from everybody? Does a little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken, or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy your society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and dragging, given to fits of melancholy? If so do not fail to give to your liver, kidneys, and bowels a course of your back, weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self abuse, venereal disease, badly cured, and sexual excesses, are only capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, or nervousness, or palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those inflated by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—dyspepsia, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, sciatica, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Burette. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT, P. U. S. is the great Burette, and is a certain cure for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, ureters, Dropsy, General Debility, Female Complaints, Gonorrhea, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract, established upwards of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 New York, and 104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Price—\$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

None are Genuine unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

"It Works Like a Charm."

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Headache.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Toothache.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Neuralgia.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Cholera Morbus.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Rheumatism.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Lameness.

Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil cures Skin Diseases.

Some folks seem to be proud of telling how "lame their shoulders are"—of my crick in the back"—or, "I have got the Sciatica"—and delight in bragging that "nothing can cure me!"—but when we get such "awful folks" to use Remne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil, faithfully, we not only cure their lameness, but they brag away their pain, but we actually take all that kind of "brag out of them," and they frankly own up and say, "It works like a charm!"

Sold by all Druggists, Merchants and Grocers.

Sole proprietor and manufacturer, Rutland, Mass.

182-cowly

The Great New England Remedy!

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND

Cures sore throat, colds, coughs, diphtheria, bronchitis, spitting of blood, and pulmonary affections generally. It is a remarkable remedy for kidney complaints. This remedy is free from anything deleterious, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effective in its action.

Female Strengthening Cordial.

A Specific Remedy for the Diseases of the Reproductive Organs.

It imparts tone and vigor to the Uterus, and gives renewed vitality to the whole system. All cases of Debility peculiar to Females will find a sovereign remedy in this compound.

Prepared at the New England Botanic Depot, Boston.

GEORGE W. SWETT, M.D., Proprietor.

One dollar per bottle. Five dollars for six bottles.

Errors of Youth.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from nervous debility, and premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he has been cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

TO FEMALES.

DR. FREDRICK MORRILL, Physician and Surgeon, gives exclusive attention to Diseases of women. He has made diseases of woman his study for the past twenty years. His practice has been very extensive both in Hospital and in private practice. His reputation as a physician in all the cities, papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being the most skillful specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases.

Dr. Padeford is admitted by the best medical talent of the country to have no equal in the treatment of Female Complaints, and it is no unusual occurrence for physicians in regular practice to recommend patients to him for treatment when afflicted with diseases in his specialty.

Ladies will receive the most scientific attention, both medically and surgically, with private apartments during sickness, and with old and experienced nurses, if they wish.

The poor advised free of charge. Physicians or patients wishing his opinion or advice, by letter, and enclosing the usual fee, will be answered by return mail.

Medicines sent to all parts of the country.

Office, No. 48 HOWARD STREET, Boston, Mass.

NEW CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS, JUST received

WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.

TRUNKS OF ALL KINDS; TRAVELLING Bags of all kinds,

WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.

THURCOAT Sacks at WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.

ATTENTION!!

We propose to fight it out on this line for the next

SEVENTEEN YEARS!

No Terms but Unconditional Surrender!

We make Peace by a vigorous

prosecution of THE WAR!!

AGENTS WANTED in every Town, to canvass. Employment for Gentlemen or Ladies. Individual, Town, County or State Rights for sale.

Letters Patent were granted us August 18, for a new device for catching flies, by which any lady can rid her house of those pests, as readily as she can dust her parlor. We carry on the war according to the rules of civilized nations, resorting to no Poisons, Sticking Plaster, or Chemical combinations, but, like "Crocket's room," they come down. We live by action—not words! Gentlemen or Ladies, TRY US. We present you the best field and inducements for canvassing to be found in the United States. Communications addressed to us will receive prompt attention.

McGOWAN & HALE,
St. Albans, Vt.

GRAND OPENING!

OF

FALL GOODS!

AT

H. C. POST, & CO.'S.,

JUST RECEIVED from New York, a splendid

Line of

New and Choice Dress Goods,

Including

Empress Cloth Gingham, French Serges,

Silk and Wool, Shot Poplins French Merinos, with a great

Variety of Plain and Poplin Alpaca,

and Chevre Poplins, all at VERY

LOW PRICES. We have a full

Line of

DRESS TRIMMINGS!

Consisting of

Silk Fringes, Black and Colored

Velvet Ribbons, with Buttons and

Gimps to match. Our Stock of Prints

Bleached and Brown Cottons, Delaines, in